



**CAMBRIDGE**  
International Education

# Syllabus

**Cambridge IGCSE<sup>TM</sup>**

**IsiZulu as a Second Language 0531**

Use this syllabus for exams in 2028 and 2029.

Exams are available in the November series.

Please check the syllabus page at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/0531](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/0531) to see if this syllabus is available in your administrative zone.



## Version I

For the purposes of screen readers, any mention in this document of Cambridge IGCSE refers to Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education.

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## Why choose Cambridge?

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We work with schools worldwide to build an education that shapes knowledge, understanding and skills. Together, we give learners the confidence they need to thrive and make a positive impact in a changing world.

As part of the University of Cambridge, we offer a globally trusted and flexible framework for education from age 3 to 19, informed by research, experience, and listening to educators.

With recognised qualifications, high-quality resources, comprehensive support and valuable insights, we help schools prepare every student for the opportunities and challenges ahead.

### Qualifications that are recognised and valued worldwide

From the world's top-ranked universities to local higher education institutions, Cambridge qualifications open doors to a world of opportunities.

### Setting a global standard

With over 160 years of experience in delivering fair, valid and reliable assessments to students worldwide, we offer a global, recognised performance standard for international education.

### Your path, your way

Schools can adapt our curriculum, high-quality teaching and learning resources and flexible assessments to their local context. Our aligned offer helps Cambridge schools support every learner to reach their potential and thrive.

### Learning with lasting impact

Cambridge learners build subject knowledge and conceptual understanding, and develop a broad range of skills, learning habits and attributes to help make them ready for the world.

### Improving learning outcomes through data-led insight and action

Our trusted baseline and diagnostic assessments, together with our insights and evaluation service, help schools turn data into knowledge and actionable insights, to inform teaching decisions and improve learner outcomes.

### Bringing together a community of experts

We bring together the collective knowledge of experts and our diverse community of educators worldwide, supporting them to learn from one another and share ideas and information.

### Tackling the climate crisis together

We believe that education is key to tackling the climate crisis. Together with Cambridge schools, we can empower young people with the skills and knowledge to take action on climate change, helping them be ready for the world.

### School feedback: 'We think the Cambridge curriculum is superb preparation for university.'

Feedback from: Christoph Guttentag, Dean of Undergraduate Admissions, Duke University, USA

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## **Important: Changes to this syllabus**

The latest syllabus is version 1, published September 2025. There are no significant changes which affect teaching.

Any textbooks endorsed to support the syllabus for examination from 2021 are still suitable for use with this syllabus.

# 1 Why choose this syllabus?

## Key benefits

Cambridge IGCSE is the world's most popular international qualification for 14 to 16 year olds, although it can be taken by students at any age. Taught by over 5000 schools in 150 countries, it is tried, tested and trusted.

Students can choose from 70 subjects in any combination, including 30 languages.

Our programmes promote a thorough knowledge and understanding of a subject and help to develop the skills learners need for their next steps in education or employment.

**Cambridge IGCSE IsiZulu as a Second Language** develops skills for understanding and communicating in a range of situations in isiZulu. These skills include the ability to understand written and spoken texts, and selecting relevant information from them. This information may be directly stated or implied. Learners develop the linguistic skills required for progression to further studies or employment through being able to communicate clearly in writing, on both familiar and less familiar topics..

Our approach in Cambridge IGCSE IsiZulu as a Second Language encourages learners to be:

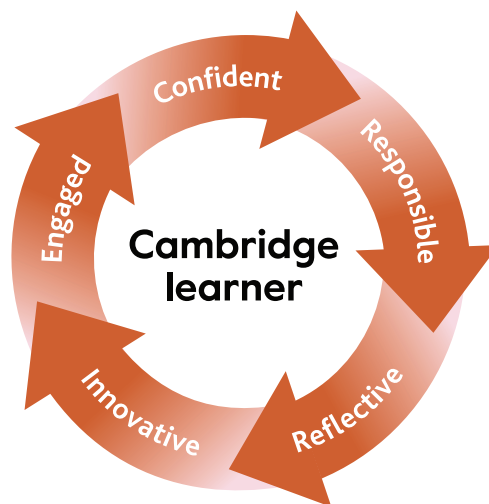
**confident**, using a range of language to communicate ideas and information effectively in writing

**responsible**, seeking opportunities to use and develop their language skills

**reflective**, considering different opinions and information in written or spoken form, and responding to them appropriately

**innovative**, using language creatively to express ideas and information

**engaged**, developing different learning strategies and using their language skills in a range of situations.



**School feedback:** ‘The strength of Cambridge IGCSE qualifications is internationally recognised and has provided an international pathway for our students to continue their studies around the world.’

**Feedback from:** Gary Tan, Head of Schools and CEO, Raffles Group of Schools, Indonesia

## Qualifications that are recognised and valued worldwide

Cambridge qualifications prepare and equip learners with the skills they need to thrive at university and beyond. The world's best higher education institutions recognise our qualifications and value the critical thinking skills, independent research abilities and deep subject knowledge that Cambridge learners bring.

We continually work with universities and colleges in every part of the world to ensure that they understand and accept our qualifications. Cambridge IGCSE provides a springboard to the Cambridge Advanced stage, as well as other post-16 routes. The combination of knowledge and skills in Cambridge IGCSE IsiZulu as a Second Language gives learners a solid foundation for further study. Candidates who achieve grades A\* to C are well prepared to follow a wide range of courses including Cambridge International AS & A Levels.

Many universities require a combination of Cambridge International AS & A Levels and Cambridge IGCSEs or equivalent to meet their entry requirements.

UK ENIC, the national agency in the UK for the recognition and comparison of international qualifications and skills, has carried out an independent benchmarking study of Cambridge IGCSE and found it to be comparable to the standard of the GCSE in the UK. This means students can be confident that their Cambridge IGCSE qualifications are accepted as equivalent to UK GCSEs by leading universities worldwide.

Learn more at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/recognition](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/recognition)

**School feedback:** 'Cambridge IGCSE is one of the most sought-after and recognised qualifications in the world. It is very popular in Egypt because it provides the perfect preparation for success at advanced level programmes.'

**Feedback from:** Managing Director of British School of Egypt BSE

## Supporting teachers

We believe education works best when teaching and learning are closely aligned to the curriculum, resources and assessment. Our high-quality teaching support helps to maximise teaching time and enables teachers to engage learners of all backgrounds and abilities.

We aim to provide the following support for each Cambridge qualification:

- Syllabus
- Specimen question papers and mark schemes
- Specimen paper answers
- Schemes of Work
- Example candidate responses
- Past papers and mark schemes
- Principal examiner reports for teachers

These resources are available on the School Support Hub at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/support](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/support), our secure online site for Cambridge teachers. Your exams officer can provide you with a login.

Additional teaching & learning resources are also available for many syllabuses and vary according to the nature of the subject and the structure of the assessment of each syllabus. These can include ready-built lesson materials, digital resources and multimedia for the classroom and homework, guidance on assessment and much more. Beyond the resources available on the Schools Support Hub, a wide range of endorsed textbooks and associated teaching and learning support are available from Cambridge at [www.cambridge.org/education](http://www.cambridge.org/education) and from other publishers. Resources vary according to the nature of the subject and the structure of the assessment of each syllabus.

You can also contact our global Cambridge community or talk to a senior examiner on our discussion forums.

Sign up for email notifications about changes to syllabuses, including new and revised products and services, at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/syllabusupdates](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/syllabusupdates)

## Professional development

Find the next step on your professional development journey.

- **Introduction courses** – An introduction to Cambridge programmes and qualifications. For teachers who are new to Cambridge programmes or new to a specific syllabus.
- **Focus on Teaching courses** – These are for teachers who want to explore a specific area of teaching and learning within a syllabus or programme.
- **Focus on Assessment courses** – These are for teachers who want to understand the assessment of a syllabus in greater depth.
- **Marking workshops** – These workshops help you become more familiar with what examiners are looking for, and provide an opportunity to raise questions and share your experiences of the syllabus.
- **Enrichment Professional Development** – Transform your approach to teaching with our Enrichment workshops. Each workshop focuses on a specific area of teaching and learning practice.
- **Cambridge Professional Development Qualifications (PDQs)** – Practice-based programmes that transform professional learning for practicing teachers. Available at Certificate and Diploma level.

For more information visit [www.cambridgeinternational.org/support-and-training-for-schools](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/support-and-training-for-schools)

### Supporting exams officers

We provide comprehensive support and guidance for all Cambridge exams officers. Find out more at: [www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)



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## 2 Syllabus overview

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### Aims

The aims describe the purposes of a course based on this syllabus.

Students following a course based on this syllabus will:

- develop learners' ability to use isiZulu effectively for the purpose of practical communication
- develop learners' awareness of the nature of language and language-learning skills
- develop transferable skills to complement other areas of the curriculum
- promote learners' personal development and enjoyment.



We are an education organisation and politically neutral. The contents of this syllabus, examination papers and associated materials do not endorse any political view. We endeavour to treat all aspects of the exam process neutrally.

## Content overview

Cambridge IGCSE IsiZulu as a Second Language offers learners the opportunity to develop practical communication skills in reading, writing and listening.

Learners will be presented with a variety of texts that will build up their skills in reading and writing. They will learn to select relevant details, understand the difference between what is directly stated and implied, and practise writing for different purposes and audiences.

Learners will listen to a range of spoken material, including talks and conversations, to develop listening skills.

Cambridge IGCSE IsiZulu as a Second Language will enable learners to become independent users of isiZulu both to support further study and to communicate effectively in a variety of practical contexts.



## Assessment overview

All candidates take two components. Candidates will be eligible for grades A\* to G.

All candidates take:		and:	
<b>Paper 1</b>	2 hours	<b>Paper 2</b>	Approximately 50 minutes
Reading and Writing	70%	Listening	30%
60 marks		40 marks	
Candidates respond to six exercises: four reading and two writing		Candidates listen to five exercises of short and longer texts	
Structured and essay style questions		Multiple-choice style questions	
Externally assessed		Externally assessed	

Information on availability is in the **Before you start** section.

## Assessment objectives

The assessment objectives (AOs) are:

### AO1 Reading

Candidates will be assessed on their ability to:

- R1 demonstrate understanding of specific factual information
- R2 demonstrate understanding of the connections between the ideas, opinions and attitudes
- R3 identify and select details for a specific purpose
- R4 demonstrate understanding of implied meaning.

### AO2 Writing

Candidates will be assessed on their ability to:

- W1 communicate information, ideas and opinions
- W2 organise ideas into coherent text using a range of linking devices
- W3 use a range of appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary
- W4 use appropriate register and style for the given purpose and audience.

### AO3 Listening

Candidates will be assessed on their ability to:

- L1 demonstrate understanding of specific information
- L2 demonstrate understanding of speakers' ideas, opinions and attitudes
- L3 demonstrate understanding of the connections between ideas, opinions and attitudes
- L4 demonstrate understanding of what is implied but not directly stated.

## Weighting for assessment objectives

The approximate weightings allocated to each of the assessment objectives (AOs) are summarised below.

### Assessment objectives as a percentage of the qualification

Assessment objective	Weighting in IGCSE %
AO1 Reading	35
AO2 Writing	35
AO3 Listening	30
Total	100

### Assessment objectives as a percentage of each component

Assessment objective	Weighting in components %	
	Paper 1	Paper 2
AO1 Reading	50	0
AO2 Writing	50	0
AO3 Listening	0	100
Total	100	100

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## 3 Subject content

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This syllabus gives you the flexibility to design a course that will interest, challenge and engage your learners. Where appropriate you are responsible for selecting resources and examples, texts, topics and subject contexts to support your learners' study. These should be appropriate for the learners' age, cultural background and learning context as well as complying with your school policies and local legal requirements.

The texts selected for each exercise are drawn from areas of contemporary interest and relevance for second language learners. These might include, for example, conservation/environment, culture/history, science/technology, music/arts and human achievement. This list is not exhaustive; source texts may be drawn from any other area of contemporary interest.

The skills covered in the syllabus are highlighted in the tables below. The examples listed in the guidance column are suggested rather than prescribed ways in which learners can demonstrate their reading, writing and listening skills. These examples are not exhaustive.

## Reading

Learners are introduced to a range of different text types on a variety of topics and are encouraged to read widely in isiZulu both in class and at home.

Content	Examples
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identify and understand factual information, ideas and arguments in a range of texts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of short and longer text types: instructions, notices, advertisements, leaflets, articles, blogs, reviews and web pages</li> <li>texts with different purposes: descriptive, narrative, informational, persuasive, discursive, argumentative</li> <li>texts with a purpose: to identify a piece of information, the writer's point of view, or a particular idea</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identify and understand ideas, opinions and attitudes in a range of texts, and the connections between them</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of short and longer text types: instructions, notices, advertisements, leaflets, articles, blogs, reviews and web pages</li> <li>texts with different purposes: descriptive, narrative, informational, persuasive, discursive, argumentative</li> <li>information and ideas connected in texts, e.g. use of pronouns and referencing, and words and phrases which indicate time, cause and effect, addition, contrasting ideas, exemplification</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>understand what is implied but not directly stated</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>information that can be inferred (i.e. implied) but is not stated, e.g. the purpose of a text, or the writer's general opinion</li> <li>words and phrases that suggest the writer's attitude or feelings, when this is not explicitly/openly stated</li> <li>deduce meaning of an unfamiliar word/phrase, e.g. reading the information around it, and making inferences</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>select relevant details when reading for a specific purpose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of reading strategies:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>reading quickly to get a general idea about a text (skim reading)</li> <li>locating specific information in a text (scanning)</li> <li>reading carefully to understand detail</li> </ul> </li> <li>predict what the answers to questions will be</li> <li>identify the type of information that a question focuses on</li> </ul>

## Writing

Learners practise writing for different purposes and different audiences. Learners should understand the features of different text types and should be encouraged to plan, draft and check their writing.

Content	Examples
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>communicate factual information, ideas and arguments clearly and with expansion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>purpose of a text: informational, argumentative, discursive</li> <li>a range of everyday/familiar topics to write about</li> <li>models of clear language</li> <li>planning – what to include in the writing and how to organise it</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>produce written texts that show control of language</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>grammatical structures</li> <li>vocabulary, punctuation and spelling</li> <li>check writing for accuracy</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>select and organise relevant information and ideas into coherent text using appropriate linking devices</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>linking devices for different purposes:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>cause/effect – therefore, because of, as a result, consequently, etc.</li> <li>addition – in addition, moreover, furthermore, as well as, etc.</li> <li>contrast and concession – however, in contrast, whereas, although, etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>ways of organising texts into a logical or clear order, and use of paragraphs</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>produce written texts with a range of grammatical and lexical structures</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of grammatical structures – different verb forms and tenses, conditional forms, a variety of sentence structures</li> <li>a range of lexical structures – words, set phrases, phrasal verbs, collocations (words which typically go together), idioms</li> <li>avoid repetition – using synonyms</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>respond to a written stimulus and use appropriate register, style and format for the given purpose and audience</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>purpose of a text, and what sort of information it should include</li> <li>audience of a text: how this might affect what to write, and what type of language (e.g., formal or informal) is appropriate</li> <li>conventions of:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>informal correspondence – emails</li> <li>more formal correspondence – reports, essays, emails, reviews, articles</li> <li>discursive/argumentative/persuasive styles</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## Listening

Learners are introduced to a range of different text types on a variety of topics. They are also encouraged to listen to isiZulu widely both in class and at home.

Content	Examples
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identify and understand factual detail and specific information in a range of spoken contexts and from a variety of sources</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of short and longer audio texts: phone messages, announcements, radio programmes, TV, film, plays, newsfeeds or podcasts, conversations, interviews</li> <li>audio texts with different purposes and different levels of formality: formal, informal and semi-formal</li> <li>predicting what type of information will be heard (to engage with the topic)</li> <li>vocabulary: how a word sounds when learning new vocabulary, spelling and meaning</li> <li>listen for the main information which the intended listener would be interested in – places, names, times, dates, directions</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identify and understand speakers' ideas, opinions, feelings and attitudes in a range of spoken contexts and from a variety of sources</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a range of short and longer audio texts: phone messages, announcements, radio programmes, TV, film, plays, newsfeeds or podcasts, conversations, interviews</li> <li>audio texts with different purposes and different levels of formality: formal, informal and semi-formal</li> <li>speakers' ideas, feelings, attitudes and opinions and the language used to express them</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>show understanding of the connections between ideas, opinions, feelings and attitudes in a range of spoken contexts and from a variety of sources</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>how to identify speakers' ideas, opinions, feelings or attitudes – what gave the speaker an idea; what reasons the speaker gives for their feelings; or how the speaker formed a particular opinion</li> <li>information and ideas connected in texts – use of pronouns and referencing, and words and phrases which indicate time, cause and effect, addition, contrasting ideas, exemplification</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>show understanding of what is implied but not directly stated</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>information that is inferred but not stated – the gist or purpose of a text, or the speaker's overall intention</li> <li>words and phrases that suggest the speaker's attitude or feelings, when not explicitly stated</li> <li>deduce meaning of an unfamiliar word/phrase by listening to the information around it, and making inferences</li> </ul>

## Glossary of text types

Learners should be encouraged to read, write and listen to a range of text types. The common text types are:

Text type	What it means
<b>article</b>	A text written for a general audience, e.g. a magazine or newspaper, on a particular topic, which is meant to be of interest to the reader (by informing, entertaining, etc.).
<b>blog</b>	A text that is published on a website, usually informal, to inform or entertain readers.
<b>conversation</b>	A spoken interaction between two or more people, usually informal, in which the speakers exchange information, ideas and opinions.
<b>dialogue</b>	Any type of spoken interaction between two people.
<b>email</b>	A form of electronic communication which is written for a specific purpose, or in response to a particular situation. It could be formal or informal, depending on the audience.
<b>essay</b>	A text that is usually written on a particular topic, which presents an argument or point of view. It should be well organised, with an introduction, main body and conclusion, and opinions should be supported by examples or reasons.
<b>instructions</b>	A text (written or spoken) which tells you how to do something.
<b>interview</b>	A spoken interaction between two or more people, in which one person asks questions and the others respond appropriately.
<b>leaflet</b>	An informational text which either explains or advertises something and would usually be handed out to people.
<b>monologue</b>	A text spoken by one person only.
<b>notice</b>	A written text which gives news or information about a specific topic, and would usually be displayed on a wall or noticeboard.
<b>report</b>	A text written for a superior (e.g. a head teacher) or a group (e.g. a book club) about an event, experience or situation, giving factual information as well as suggestions or recommendations.
<b>review</b>	A text written for a general audience, e.g. a magazine or newspaper, to describe and give opinions about something that the writer has experienced (e.g. a film they have seen, a place they have visited, etc.).

**Faculty feedback:** ‘Understanding how and why our climate is changing and providing the knowledge and skills to explore the challenges plays a key role in every student’s education.’

**Feedback from:** Dr Amy Munro-Faure, Head of Education and Student Engagement of Cambridge Zero



## 4 Details of the assessment

### Paper 1 – Reading and Writing

Written paper, 2 hours, 60 marks

This paper contains six exercises – four reading exercises and two writing exercises.

Candidates must answer all questions in each exercise.

The reading exercises will include a range of text types (e.g. articles, blogs, reports) and comprise multiple-choice and matching questions, as well as some questions requiring short answers in isiZulu.

The writing exercises both require candidates to write 100–140 words of continuous prose. Candidates respond to a short stimulus (which may include a picture) and to short prompts printed in the question paper. The short stimulus includes information on the purpose, format and audience and these will be different for each exercise. The writing exercises require candidates to respond in different styles. The first writing exercise requires an informal style of writing, for example to a friend or relative. The second writing exercise requires a more formal writing style, for example writing for a teacher or an organiser of an event, etc.

For each writing exercise, candidates will be awarded marks for content (task fulfilment and the development of ideas) and language (range, accuracy and organisation).

Candidates write their answers on the question paper.

Dictionaries may **not** be used.

### Description of exercises

#### Exercise 1

Assessment objective	R1, R2, R3
Task	Candidates read a text and answer a series of questions. The text is approximately 250–300 words long and is likely to include facts, opinions, ideas and attitudes. The first five questions require one answer, and the final question requires three answers. Candidates write short (single word/phrase) answers.
Text type(s)	The text may be taken from, for example, an article, blog or website.
Total marks	8

#### Exercise 2

Assessment objective	R1, R2, R3, R4
Task	Candidates read one continuous text divided into up to five sections, or they read up to five shorter related texts. The text is approximately 350–400 words long. This is a multiple matching task. Candidates read nine questions and select the text which contains the relevant information or idea to answer each question. Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	The text may be taken from, for example, a website, review or report.
Total marks	9

**Exercise 3**

Assessment objective	R1, R2, R3
Task	Candidates read a text and complete a set of brief notes. The text is approximately 250–350 words long. Each response is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	The text may be taken from, for example, an article, blog or website.
Total marks	7

**Exercise 4**

Assessment objective	R1, R2, R3, R4
Task	Candidates read a text that is approximately 400–450 words long and answer six multiple choice questions. Each question may focus on the main ideas or details in the text and on the attitudes or opinions expressed. There are three options to choose between, and candidates write the appropriate letter (A, B or C) for each answer. Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	The text may be taken from, for example, an article, blog or website.
Total marks	6

**Exercise 5**

Assessment objective	W1, W2, W3, W4
Task	Candidates write 100–140 words of continuous prose, in response to the rubric. The rubric includes information on the purpose and audience. Candidates must address the prompts provided in the task and are awarded up to 6 marks for content (task fulfilment and the development of ideas) and up to 9 marks for language (range, accuracy and organisation).
Type of response	An informal email.
Total marks	15

**Exercise 6**

Assessment objective	W1, W2, W3, W4
Task	Candidates write 100–140 words of continuous prose, in response to the rubric. The rubric includes information on the format of the response, its purpose and audience. A more formal response is required. Candidates are awarded up to 6 marks for content (task fulfilment and the development of ideas) and up to 9 marks for language (range, accuracy and organisation).
Type of response	A formal/semi-formal article, report, essay or review.
Total marks	15

## Paper 2 – Listening

Approximately 50 minutes (including 6 minutes' transfer time), 40 marks

This paper consists of five exercises, and a total of 40 questions. All questions are multiple choice, and candidates answer each one by selecting the correct option.

Each exercise tests comprehension of recorded texts (e.g. monologues, interviews or conversations). Candidates hear each recorded text twice. At the end of the test, candidates will be asked to transfer their answers onto a separate answer sheet and they have six minutes to do this.

Centres must check the *Cambridge Handbook* for the year candidates are taking the assessment. The *Cambridge Handbook* tells you when and how to access the audio material for each examination series: [www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)

Teachers/invigilators must consult the relevant sections of the *Cambridge Handbook* about administering the listening examination and for details about rooms, equipment, guidance on acoustics and checking the audio material in advance.

### Description of exercises

#### Exercise 1

Assessment objective	L1, L2, L3
Task	Candidates listen to eight short extracts, on familiar and accessible topics. For each extract, there is one multiple-choice question with four visual options, and candidates select the correct option (A, B, C or D). The questions test understanding of information or ideas expressed by the speaker(s). Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	A range of text types, including monologues and dialogues, e.g. conversations, recorded messages, announcements, news items, extracts from radio programmes, etc.
Total marks	8

#### Exercise 2

Assessment objective	L1, L2, L3, L4
Task	Candidates listen to five short extracts. Candidates answer two multiple choice questions per text. Each question has three written options, which may be words or short phrases, and candidates select the correct option (A, B or C). The questions test understanding of information or ideas expressed by the speaker(s). Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	A range of text types, including monologues and dialogues, e.g. conversations, recorded messages, announcements, news items, extracts from radio programmes, etc.
Total marks	10

**Exercise 3**

Assessment objective	L1, L2, L3
Task	Candidates listen to a monologue. Candidates complete eight sentences by selecting the correct answer from three written options (A, B or C). Each option is either a word or a short phrase. The sentences test understanding of information and main ideas expressed by the speaker. Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	A monologue, e.g. a talk or presentation
Total marks	8

**Exercise 4**

Assessment objective	L1, L2, L3, L4
Task	Candidates listen to six short monologues. This is a multiple-matching task, and for each extract, candidates select from a choice of eight statements. The statements test details, opinions, ideas and implied information expressed by the speakers. Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	Short monologues
Total marks	6

**Exercise 5**

Assessment objective	L1, L2, L3, L4
Task	Candidates listen to an interview between two speakers. Candidates answer eight multiple-choice questions. Each question has three written options (A, B or C), which may be words, phrases or short sentences. The questions test understanding of details, opinions, ideas and implied information expressed by the main speaker. Each question is worth one mark.
Text type(s)	Interview
Total marks	8

## 5 What else you need to know

This section is an overview of other information you need to know about this syllabus. It will help to share the administrative information with your exams officer so they know when you will need their support. Find more information about our administrative processes at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)

### Before you start

#### Previous study

We recommend that learners starting this course should have studied isiZulu at school and/or in their community.

#### Guided learning hours

We design Cambridge IGCSE syllabuses to require about 130 guided learning hours for each subject. This is for guidance only. The number of hours a learner needs to achieve the qualification may vary according to each school and the learners' previous experience of the subject.

#### Availability and timetables

All Cambridge schools are allocated to one of six administrative zones. Each zone has a specific timetable. Find your administrative zone at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/adminzone](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/adminzone). This syllabus is **not** available in all administrative zones. To find out if this syllabus is available to your administrative zone check the syllabus page at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/0531](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/0531)

You can view the timetable for your administrative zone at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/timetables](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/timetables)

You can enter candidates in the November exam series.

Check you are using the syllabus for the year the candidate is taking the exam.

Private candidates can enter for this syllabus. For more information, please refer to the *Cambridge Guide to Making Entries*.

#### Combining with other syllabuses

Candidates can take this syllabus alongside other Cambridge International syllabuses in a single exam series. The only exceptions are:

- syllabuses with the same title at the same level.

Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge IGCSE (9–1) and Cambridge O Level syllabuses are at the same level.

#### Group awards: Cambridge ICE

Cambridge ICE (International Certificate of Education) is a group award for Cambridge IGCSE. It encourages schools to offer a broad and balanced curriculum by recognising the achievements of learners who pass exams in a range of different subjects.

Learn more about Cambridge ICE at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/cambridgeice](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/cambridgeice)

## Making entries

Exams officers are responsible for submitting entries. We encourage them to work closely with you to make sure they enter the right number of candidates for the right combination of syllabus components. Entry option codes and instructions for submitting entries are in the *Cambridge Guide to Making Entries*. Your exams officer has access to this guide.

### Exam administration

To keep our exams secure, we produce question papers for different areas of the world, known as administrative zones. We allocate all Cambridge schools to an administrative zone determined by their location. Each zone has a specific timetable.

Some of our syllabuses offer candidates different assessment options. An entry option code is used to identify the components the candidate will take relevant to the administrative zone and the available assessment options.

### Support for exams officers

We know how important exams officers are to the successful running of exams. We provide them with the support they need to make entries on time. Your exams officer will find this support, and guidance for all other phases of the Cambridge Exams Cycle, at **[www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)**

### Retakes

Candidates can retake the whole qualification as many times as they want to.

Learn more about retake entries, including definitions and information on entry deadlines, at **[www.cambridgeinternational.org/retakes](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/retakes)**

To confirm what entry options are available for this syllabus, refer to the *Cambridge Guide to Making Entries* for the relevant series. Regulations for carrying forward component marks can be found in the *Cambridge Handbook* for the relevant year of assessment at **[www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)**

### Language

This syllabus is available in English only. The assessment materials are in isiZulu.

## Accessibility and equality

### Syllabus and assessment design

At Cambridge we recognise that our candidates have highly diverse socio-economic, cultural and linguistic backgrounds, and may also have a variety of protected characteristics. Protected characteristics include special educational needs and disability (SEND), religion and belief, and characteristics related to gender and identity.

We follow accessible design principles to make our syllabuses and assessment materials as accessible and inclusive as possible. We review language accessibility, visual resources, question layout and the contexts used in questions. Using this approach means that we give all candidates the fairest possible opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge, skills and understanding.

## Access arrangements

Our design principles aim to make sure our assessment materials are accessible for all candidates. To further minimise barriers faced by candidates with SEND, illness or injury, we offer a range of access arrangements and modified papers. This is the principal way in which we comply with our duty to make 'reasonable adjustments', as guided by the UK Equality Act 2010.

### Important:

Requested access arrangements should be based on evidence of the candidate's barrier to taking an assessment and should also reflect their normal way of working. For Cambridge to approve an access arrangement, we need to agree that it constitutes a reasonable adjustment and does not affect the security or integrity of the assessment. This is explained in section 1.3 of the *Cambridge Handbook*

**[www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)**

### Applying for access arrangements

- Details of our standard access arrangements and modified question papers are available in section 1.3 of the *Cambridge Handbook* **[www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide)**
- Centres are expected to check the availability of access arrangements and modified question papers at the start of the course. Check the *Cambridge Handbook*, the assessment objectives listed in the syllabus document and, where applicable, any access arrangement restrictions listed in the syllabus document.
- Contact us at the start of the course to find out if we can approve an access arrangement that is not listed in the *Cambridge Handbook*.
- All applications should be made by the deadlines published in the *Cambridge Handbook*.

Some access arrangements are not allowed in this syllabus because they affect the assessment objectives:

- candidates must **not** use voice-activated software to dictate their written work
- candidates must **not** use word processing technology which uses word prediction and/or phrase prompting including spell check and grammar check
- candidates must **not** use a human reader.

Please note that we cannot provide braille papers for this syllabus. We can only provide braille papers for languages which use the Roman alphabet.

## After the exam

### Grading and reporting

Grades A\*, A, B, C, D, E, F or G indicate the standard a candidate achieved at Cambridge IGCSE.

A\* is the highest and G is the lowest. 'Ungraded' means that the candidate's performance did not meet the standard required for grade G. 'Ungraded' is reported on the statement of results but not on the certificate.

In specific circumstances your candidates may see one of the following letters on their statement of results:

- Q (PENDING)
- X (NO RESULT).

These letters do not appear on the certificate.

On the statement of results, Cambridge IGCSE is shown as INTERNATIONAL GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (IGCSE).

On certificates, Cambridge IGCSE is shown as International General Certificate of Secondary Education.

## How students and teachers can use the grades

Assessment at Cambridge IGCSE has two purposes:

- 1 to measure learning and achievement  
The assessment confirms achievement and performance in relation to the knowledge, understanding and skills specified in the syllabus.
- 2 to show likely future success  
The outcomes help predict which students are well prepared for or likely to be successful in a particular course or career.  
The outcomes help students choose the most suitable course or career.



## Changes to this syllabus for 2028 and 2029

The syllabus has been updated. This is version 1, published September 2025.

**You must read the whole syllabus before planning your teaching programme.** We review our syllabuses regularly to make sure they continue to meet the needs of our schools. In updating this syllabus, we have made it easier for teachers and students to understand, keeping the familiar features that teachers and schools value.

There are no significant changes which affect teaching.

Any textbooks endorsed to support the syllabus for examination from 2021 are still suitable for use with this syllabus.



Syllabuses and specimen materials represent the final authority on the content and structure of all of our assessments.

With a Customer Services team available 24 hours a day, 6 days a week, and dedicated regional teams supporting schools in 160 countries, we understand your local context and are here to guide you so you can provide your learners with everything they need to prepare for Cambridge IGCSE.

### Quality management

We are committed to providing exceptional quality. In line with this commitment, our quality management system for the provision of international education programmes and qualifications for students aged 5 to 19 is independently certified as meeting the internationally recognised standard, ISO 9001:2015. Learn more at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/about-us/our-standards/](https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/about-us/our-standards/)



**School feedback:** ‘While studying Cambridge IGCSE and Cambridge International A Levels, students broaden their horizons through a global perspective and develop a lasting passion for learning.’

**Feedback from:** Zhai Xiaoning, Deputy Principal, The High School Affiliated to Renmin University of China

We are committed to making our documents accessible in accordance with the WCAG 2.1 Standard. We are always looking to improve the accessibility of our documents. If you find any problems or you think we are not meeting accessibility requirements, contact us at **info@cambridgeinternational.org** with the subject heading: Digital accessibility. If you need this document in a different format, contact us and supply your name, email address and requirements and we will respond within 15 working days.

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