Syllabus

Cambridge O Level
Biblical Studies 2035

Use this syllabus for exams in 2024, 2025 and 2026.
Exams are available in the June and November series.

Version 1

Please check the syllabus page at www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035 to see if this syllabus is available in your administrative zone.

For the purposes of screen readers, any mention in this document of Cambridge IGCSE refers to Cambridge International General Certification of Secondary Education.
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Cambridge International prepares school students for life, helping them develop an informed curiosity and a lasting passion for learning. We are part of the University of Cambridge.

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School feedback: ‘We think the Cambridge curriculum is superb preparation for university.’
Feedback from: Christoph Guttentag, Dean of Undergraduate Admissions, Duke University, USA

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Important: Changes to this syllabus

For information about changes to this syllabus for 2024, 2025 and 2026, go to page 35.
1 Why choose this syllabus?

Key benefits

Cambridge O Level is typically for 14 to 16 year olds and is an internationally recognised qualification. It has been designed especially for an international market and is sensitive to the needs of different countries. Cambridge O Level is designed for learners whose first language may not be English, and this is acknowledged throughout the examination process.

Our programmes balance a thorough knowledge and understanding of a subject and help to develop the skills learners need for their next steps in education or employment.

Cambridge O Level Biblical Studies develops a set of transferable skills. These include a reflective understanding of different values, opinions and attitudes. It also develops the ability to present and analyse different perspectives and the concepts and values they are based on.

Our approach in Cambridge O Level Biblical Studies encourages learners to be:

- **confident**, understanding social, religious and/or philosophical concepts and expressing views, opinions and judgements relating to these while respecting the views and opinions of others
- **responsible**, recognising the complexity and sensitivity of issues that give rise to religious debate, including challenges to Christian faith and belief in the contemporary world
- **reflective**, recognising there are many different views and the ways in which they are supported and justified
- **innovative**, exploring different Christian understandings of the portrayal of God and Jesus, including views that may be different from their own personal views
- **engaged**, with the diversity of understandings of the Bible, studied in a Christian context.

School feedback: ‘Cambridge O Level has helped me develop thinking and analytical skills which will go a long way in helping me with advanced studies.’

Feedback from: Kamal Khan Virk, former student at Beaconhouse Garden Town Secondary School, Pakistan, who went on to study Actuarial Science at the London School of Economics
International recognition and acceptance

Our expertise in curriculum, teaching and learning, and assessment is the basis for the recognition of our programmes and qualifications around the world. The combination of knowledge and skills in Cambridge O Level Biblical Studies gives learners a solid foundation for further study. Candidates who achieve grades A* to C are well prepared to follow a wide range of courses including Cambridge International AS & A Level Biblical Studies.

Cambridge O Levels are accepted and valued by leading universities and employers around the world as evidence of academic achievement. Many universities require a combination of Cambridge International AS & A Levels and Cambridge O Levels or equivalent to meet their entry requirements.

Learn more at www.cambridgeinternational.org/recognition
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We provide a wide range of resources, detailed guidance and innovative training and professional development so that you can give your students the best possible preparation for Cambridge O Level. To find out which resources are available for each syllabus go to our School Support Hub.

The School Support Hub is our secure online site for Cambridge teachers where you can find the resources you need to deliver our programmes. You can also keep up to date with your subject and the global Cambridge community through our online discussion forums.

Find out more at www.cambridgeinternational.org/support

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We provide comprehensive support and guidance for all Cambridge exams officers.

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2 Syllabus overview

Aims
The aims describe the purposes of a course based on this syllabus.

The aims are to enable students to develop:

- an understanding and appreciation of the Bible, studied in a Christian context
- a broad understanding of the Christian message found in the Bible and its ongoing relevance for Christians today
- their knowledge and understanding of the portrayal of God in the Bible
- their knowledge and understanding of the portrayal of Jesus in the synoptic gospels
- an enquiring and critical approach to the study of biblical texts, the ideas they contain, and the ways in which they may be interpreted
- an informed response to issues arising out of their study.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is an education organisation and politically neutral. The contents of this syllabus, examination papers and associated materials do not endorse any political view. We endeavour to treat all aspects of the exam process neutrally.
Content overview

The syllabus content is divided into two papers: Paper 1 and Paper 2. Candidates must study all the content in both Papers 1 and 2.

Paper 1 The Portrayal of God in the Bible

Paper 1 is divided into seven topics:

1. God as creator
2. God as covenant-giver
3. God as liberator
4. God as king
5. God as prophecy-giver
6. Jesus as saviour
7. The Holy Spirit as guide.

Each topic includes specified texts.

Paper 2 The Portrayal of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels

Paper 2 is divided into seven topics:

1. The political and religious background to the life and times of Jesus
2. Key events in the life of Jesus until the transfiguration
3. Key events in the last week of Jesus’ life, including his resurrection and ascension
4. Conflict and opposition to Jesus
5. The miracles of Jesus
6. The parables of Jesus
7. The teachings and sayings of Jesus.

Topics two to seven include specified texts.
Assessment overview

All candidates take two components. Candidates will be eligible for grades A* to E.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>All candidates take:</th>
<th>and:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Paper 1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Paper 2</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>1 hour 30 minutes</td>
<td>1 hour 30 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Portrayal of God in the Bible</td>
<td>The Portrayal of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 marks</td>
<td>50%</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Structured questions. Part (a) and (b) questions test AO1 Knowledge and understanding and part (c) questions test AO2 Evaluation.</td>
<td>60 marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Section A: Candidates answer <strong>one</strong> question out of a choice of two.</td>
<td>• Structured questions. Part (a) and (b) questions test AO1 Knowledge and understanding and part (c) questions test AO2 Evaluation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Section B: Candidates answer <strong>two</strong> questions out of a choice of three.</td>
<td>• Section A: Candidates answer <strong>one</strong> question out of a choice of two.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Tests the Paper 1 subject content.</td>
<td>• Section B: Candidates answer <strong>two</strong> questions out of a choice of three.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Externally assessed</td>
<td>• Tests the Paper 2 subject content.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information on availability is in the **Before you start** section.
Assessment objectives

The assessment objectives (AOs) are:

AO1 Knowledge and understanding
Demonstrate knowledge of specified texts and corresponding Christian teachings, beliefs and practices.

Demonstrate understanding of these texts, teachings, beliefs and practices in both biblical and modern contexts, including areas where there are different views within Christianity.

AO2 Evaluation
Use evidence and reasoned discussion of a range of points of view to make judgements about issues within Christianity arising from the texts.

Weighting for assessment objectives
The approximate weightings allocated to each of the assessment objectives (AOs) are summarised below.

Assessment objectives as a percentage of the qualification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessment objective</th>
<th>Weighting in O Level %</th>
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<td>AO1 Knowledge and understanding</td>
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<td>AO2 Evaluation</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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Assessment objectives as a percentage of each component

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessment objective</th>
<th>Weighting in components %</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Paper 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AO1 Knowledge and understanding</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AO2 Evaluation</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Subject content

This syllabus gives you the flexibility to design a course that will interest, challenge and engage your learners. You can change the order in which you teach the topics. For example, you can teach some elements of Paper 1 after Paper 2. The entire contents of Paper 1 and Paper 2 should be studied.

Where appropriate you are responsible for selecting resources and examples to support your learners’ study. These should be appropriate for the learners’ age, cultural background and learning context as well as complying with your school policies and local legal requirements.

The Bible passages printed in Section A of the question papers will be taken from the free online version found at www.biblegateway.com of the New Revised Standard Version, Anglicised (NRSVA) and will be limited to the specified texts listed in the subject content below.

You may wish to use other versions of the Bible for teaching. If this is the case, please make candidates aware that there may be differences between the version used in teaching and the version that appears on the question papers.

In the specified texts in the topics in Papers 1 and 2, biblical references are presented with a comma between verses and a semi-colon between chapters. For example:

- Isaiah 52:13–53:12 refers to Isaiah chapter 52 verse 13 to chapter 53 verse 12.
- Matthew 11:1–6, 20–24 refers to the Gospel of Matthew chapter 11 verses 1 to 6 and verses 20 to 24.

The content to be taught in each topic is divided into three headings: texts to study, content and areas for evaluation. The assessment objective AO1 (Knowledge and understanding) is examined in parts (a) and (b) of a question and will be based on the texts to study and/or the content listed under each topic. The assessment objective AO2 (Evaluation) is examined in part (c) questions and will be based on the texts to study, the content and/or the areas for evaluation listed under each topic.

Each topic lists areas for evaluation. These are examples of discussion points that may arise from the study of the texts. These discussion points provide guidance on the discussion themes that you should cover in the teaching of each topic and they could be examined in the part (c) AO2 Evaluation questions. AO2 Evaluation questions may examine the areas for evaluation or any other aspect of the content.
Paper 1 The Portrayal of God in the Bible

This paper looks at key portrayals of God in the Bible and sets the study of the Bible in a Christian context. Over the course of seven topics, candidates study how God is portrayed by examining key events, people and ideas through texts. The relevance of how God is portrayed is explored in links made from biblical texts to life today.

Alongside the content for Paper 2, candidates develop a broad understanding of the Christian message found in the Bible and its ongoing relevance for modern-day Christians. Although it will not be directly examined, it is important for candidates to understand that the Old Testament texts are Jewish in origin and part of sacred scripture for Judaism.

Although the paper is divided into seven topics, it should be noted that some of the content is common to more than one topic. Questions may be set on these common content areas and may draw on more than one topic.

The content of Paper 1 is examined in Paper 1.

Topic 1 God as creator

The focus in this topic is on the portrayal of God as creator and sustainer. The text for study is the first three chapters of Genesis. Candidates should reflect on the relationship between religion and science.

In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what the specified Genesis text teaches about God’s relationship with humanity, and its relevance for Christian belief and practice today.

Text to study:

- Genesis 1–3.

Content (based on the text):

- The creation narratives.
- Different interpretations of the Genesis text.
- The relationship between religion and the scientific views of creation.
- Doctrines of the fall and of original sin and the importance of these doctrines in Christian thought.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the text.
- The relationship between God and humanity based on the text.
- Christian teachings on the environment and stewardship based on the text.
- The relevance of the text for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:

Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:

- Whether the Genesis accounts give two different accounts of creation.
- Whether the Genesis accounts of creation and the fall should be taken literally.
- The extent to which biblical accounts of creation and modern science are compatible.
- Whether Christians today are doing enough to care for the environment.
Topic 2 God as covenant-giver

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of God as covenant-giver. God’s covenant with Abraham and its relevance to modern-day Christians should be explored, leading to the idea of God as a protector of his people. The narrative of God testing Abraham should also be studied.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God’s relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- Genesis 12:1–9
- Genesis 15:1–7
- Genesis 17

Content (based on the texts):
- The call of Abram and the promises made to him.
- The covenant formation.
- The place of covenant in God’s overall plan for humanity.
- The significance of circumcision as a sign of the covenant.
- God testing Abraham.
- The relationship between God and his people based on the texts.
- The ways in which God is depicted as speaking to his creation.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the texts.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which the concept of covenant is relevant to modern-day Christians.
- The extent to which God still speaks to his people today.
- Whether God tests his people today.
- The extent to which the portrayal of God in these texts is compatible with a God of love.
Topic 3 God as liberator

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of God as liberator of his people from slavery in Egypt. It explores the Christian view that the escape from Egypt was a foretaste of how God rescued his people from slavery to sin through Jesus.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God's relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:

- Exodus 3
- Exodus 12:1–30
- Exodus 14.

Content (based on the texts):

- Moses and the Exodus narrative.
- God as liberator of his people from slavery in Egypt.
- God reveals himself to his people, including his name.
- The way God acts in the world through his miracles.
- The symbolic links between the Passover and the Eucharist.
- The place of the Passover and the Exodus in Christian understanding of salvation.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the texts.
- The relationship between God and his people based on the texts.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:

Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:

- Whether Pharaoh could have stopped the Israelites leaving Egypt.
- The extent to which God acts in the world through miracles and the people he calls.
- The extent to which the Passover helps Christian understanding of the Eucharist.
- The extent to which the Passover and the Exodus help Christian understanding of salvation.
Topic 4 God as king

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of God as king. The texts for study centre on the example of King David, which should lead candidates to explore the concept of the promised kingly Messiah who would be a descendant of David. By studying David, candidates should also reflect on the nature of God’s rule on Earth.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God’s relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- 1 Samuel 16:1–13
- 1 Samuel 17
- 2 Samuel 7

Content (based on the texts):
- The way in which God chose and appointed David.
- The idea of calling or vocation in Christian thought.
- David and Goliath.
- The role of king as a representative of God on Earth.
- God’s covenant with David.
- The idea of the Messiah who would be a descendant of David.
- The Christian belief that Jesus is the Messiah.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the texts.
- The relationship between God and his people based on the texts.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which God is a king.
- Whether God chooses people today for a role; the idea of vocation.
- Whether it can ever be right for modern-day Christians to go to war.
- The extent to which God’s covenant with David helps Christian understanding of the Messiah.
Topic 5 God as prophecy-giver

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of God as prophecy-giver. The texts for study centre on the idea that God speaks through time and through the specific work of prophets. Different types of prophets should be explored and their relevance to Christianity today examined. Candidates have the opportunity to study all of the book of Jonah and the role of both God and the prophet in this account.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God's relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- Isaiah 52:13–53:12
- Isaiah 59:1–19
- Jonah 1–4.

Content (based on the texts):
- Isaiah's prophecy about injustice.
- The role of the prophets in speaking against injustice and reflecting God's desire to show compassion to his people, and how this might affect modern-day Christians.
- The role of the prophets in speaking God's word and speaking into the future.
- The prophecy of the Messiah in Isaiah.
- Christian beliefs about Jesus as a prophet.
- Isaiah's prophecy about the suffering servant.
- The Christian belief that the suffering servant refers to Jesus.
- Jonah as an example of a prophet who acted to speak God's word to better society.
- Teachings from the book of Jonah on the nature of God and God's relationship with his people.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which a Christian should be involved with issues of injustice.
- The extent to which repentance is central to Christian belief and practice today.
- Whether the story of Jonah recounts an actual historical event.
- Whether God speaks through prophets in Christianity today.
Topic 6 Jesus as saviour

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of God in terms of his son Jesus as saviour. The texts enable candidates to examine how beliefs about Jesus were expressed in the early church. By studying three speeches in the book of Acts as well as some early writings of Paul, candidates should explore how Jesus is seen as the Messiah as pointed to in some of the Old Testament texts already studied. The promise of everlasting life, made through Jesus’ resurrection, is also examined.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God’s relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:

- Acts 4:1–12
- Acts 13:16–47
- Acts 17:16–34
- 1 Corinthians 1:18–25
- 1 Corinthians 15:12–19.

Content (based on the texts):

- The different ways in which Jesus was proclaimed to different audiences including gentiles (with reference to Acts).
- Jesus as the saviour who fulfilled Old Testament prophecies.
- The centrality of the death and resurrection of Jesus and how this was communicated to different audiences both in Acts and in 1 Corinthians.
- Christian teachings about the afterlife in 1 Corinthians.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the texts.
- The relationship between God and his people based on the texts.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:

Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:

- The extent to which Jesus fulfilled Old Testament prophecies.
- The extent to which Christian belief in an afterlife is reasonable.
- Whether Christianity focuses too much on life after death rather than this present life.
- The extent to which Jesus’ death and resurrection are the most important beliefs of Christianity.
Topic 7 The Holy Spirit as guide

The focus of this topic is on the portrayal of God in terms of the role of the Holy Spirit as both guide and transformer in the life of a Christian. The texts enable candidates to examine the Holy Spirit both in the life of the early church and for modern-day Christians.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition to studying the nature of God, candidates should also reflect on what these texts teach about God’s relationship with and overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- Acts 2:1–41
- Acts 8:26–40
- Acts 10

Content (based on the texts):
- The ways in which the Holy Spirit equipped the early church to evangelise.
- Peter’s speech on the day of Pentecost.
- Peter’s encounter with Cornelius compared to Philip’s encounter with the Ethiopian eunuch.
- The role of visions in the early church and in modern-day Christianity.
- The Holy Spirit in the life of the early church and in the lives of modern-day Christians.
- Baptism as the start of a Christian’s life in the Christian community.
- The portrayal of the nature of God based on the texts.
- The relationship between God and his people based on the texts.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which the spread of the early church would have been possible without the events of the day of Pentecost.
- The extent to which evangelism as seen in Acts is relevant to modern-day Christians.
- The extent to which the Holy Spirit is a guide to modern-day Christians.
- Whether baptism is essential for entry into the Christian community in the church today.
Paper 2 The Portrayal of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels

In Paper 2 candidates examine key portrayals of Jesus in the synoptic gospels. Over the course of seven topics, candidates study how Jesus is portrayed by examining key events, people and ideas through texts. The relevance of this portrayal is explored in terms of the insights it provides to the person and work of Jesus.

Alongside the content for Paper 1, candidates develop a broad understanding of the Christian message found in the Bible and the insights the texts give to the idea of God’s overall plan for humanity. The relevance of the texts for modern-day Christians is also explored.

Although the paper is divided into seven topics, it should be noted that some of the content is common to more than one topic. Questions may be set on these common content areas and may draw on more than one topic.

The content of Paper 2 is examined in Paper 2.

Topic 1 The political and religious background to the life and times of Jesus

The focus in this topic is to introduce candidates to the background to the life and times of Jesus and to explore the portrayal of Jesus in each of the synoptic gospels. Candidates should study the religious and political background of first-century Palestine.

In addition, candidates should explore the readership and purpose of the synoptic gospels.

Texts to study:
No specific texts are specified for this topic.

Content:
• Jewish rule at the time of Jesus.
• Roman rule at the time of Jesus.
• The Zealots.
• The gentiles.
• The Pharisees and Sadducees.
• The temple and the synagogue.
• Jewish Messianic hopes at the time of Jesus.
• The portrayal of Jesus in each of the synoptic gospels.
• The readership and purpose of each of the synoptic gospels.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
• Whether having knowledge of the historical setting of the gospels helps with an understanding of the life of Jesus.
• The extent to which the synoptic gospels record different portrayals of Jesus.
• The extent to which the portrayals of Jesus by the gospel writers have been shaped to suit their audiences.
• Whether the different purposes of the gospel writers have shaped their portrayals of Jesus.
Topic 2 Key events in the life of Jesus until the transfiguration

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of Jesus examined through the study of some key events in his life. Candidates should study the significance of the key events in the life of Jesus up to, and including, his transfiguration. They should explore what these events might reveal about the person and work of Jesus and the meaning and relevance of these events for Christian belief and practice today.

In addition, candidates should study how the specified texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity, including the role and importance of John the Baptist.

Texts to study:

Content (based on the texts):
- The birth and infancy stories in Matthew: Matthew 1:18–2:23.
- Peter’s declaration about Jesus: Matthew 16:13–20.
- Jesus foretells his death and resurrection: Matthew 16:21–23.
- The meaning and relevance of the key events studied in the texts for Christian belief and practice today.
- How these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity, including the role and importance of John the Baptist.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- Whether the birth stories in Matthew and Luke are historic accounts.
- Whether the birth stories in Matthew and Luke share the same purpose.
- The extent to which John the Baptist’s role and ministry were important.
- The extent to which the titles of Jesus (Messiah/Son of God/Son of Man) confuse rather than clarify understanding of the person and work of Jesus.
Topic 3 Key events in the last week of Jesus’ life, including his resurrection and ascension

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of Jesus examined through the study of the key events in the last week of his life. Candidates should explore the significance of these events that culminated in Jesus’ resurrection and ascension in relation to God’s overall plan for humanity.

In addition, candidates should explore what these events might reveal about the person and work of Jesus and the meaning and relevance of these events for Christian belief and practice today.

Texts to study:

- Matthew 26:57–68; 27:11–31; 28
- Mark 15:21–41

Content (based on the texts):

- The trial before the high priest: Matthew 26:57–68.
- The resurrection stories in Matthew: Matthew 28.
- The meaning and relevance of the key events of the last week of Jesus’ life studied in the texts for Christian belief and practice today.
- The significance of the events studied in the texts that culminated in Jesus’ resurrection and ascension in relation to God’s overall plan for humanity.

Areas for evaluation:

Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:

- Whether it is Jesus’ resurrection, not his death, that is important for Christians.
- Whether Jesus could have avoided his death on the cross.
- The extent to which Jesus waited until his trials to reveal his true identity.
- The extent to which the resurrection of Jesus is a literal historical event.
Topic 4 Conflict and opposition to Jesus

The focus in this topic is the portrayal of Jesus examined through the study of the conflict surrounding Jesus and opposition to him. Drawing upon knowledge of the religious background of first-century Palestine, candidates should explore how and why there was opposition to Jesus from the traditional religious groups and the authorities and Jesus’ attitude towards this opposition.

Candidates should explore the insights that the texts might reveal about the person and work of Jesus and consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition, candidates should study how these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
• Matthew 16:1–12; 26:1–5
• Mark 2:23–28; 11:15–18

Content (based on the texts):
• The Sabbath controversy in Mark: Mark 2:23–28.
• Opposition from the Pharisees: Matthew 16:1–12.
• Cleansing of the Temple: Mark 11:15–18.
• The plot to kill Jesus in Matthew: Matthew 26:1–5.
• How and why there was opposition to Jesus from the traditional religious groups and the authorities and Jesus’ attitude towards this opposition.
• The person and work of Jesus as portrayed in these texts.
• The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.
• How these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
• Whether Jesus could have avoided conflict and opposition.
• The extent to which Jesus provoked the authorities.
• The extent to which modern-day Christians should expect opposition.
• Whether the Christian Sabbath (Sunday) has relevance for Christians today.
Topic 5 The miracles of Jesus

The focus in this topic is the different types of miracles performed by Jesus as recorded in the synoptic gospels. Candidates should examine the purpose of the miracles as indications of Jesus’ powers, the purpose of his ministry, the kingdom of God, and as evidence of his identity.

In addition, candidates should study what the miracles might demonstrate about God’s overall plan for humanity and consider the relevance the texts might have for Christian belief and practice today.

Texts to study:
- Matthew 8:5–13; 11:1–6, 20–24

Content (based on the texts):
- The purpose of the miracles as indications of Jesus’ powers, the purpose of his ministry and the kingdom of God, and as evidence of his identity.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.
- How these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which the miracle stories are an important part of the gospels.
- The extent to which the miracle stories raise problems for modern-day Christians.
- The extent to which Jesus’ miracles reveal his person and work.
- Whether faith is necessary for a miracle to happen.
Topic 6 The parables of Jesus

This topic explores the reasons behind Jesus’ teaching in parables and what the parables reveal about the person and work of Jesus. Candidates should form an understanding of the meaning of the parables, and how they were used by Jesus to explain the nature of God and his kingdom. As a prominent subject of the parables is the kingdom of God, candidates should develop an understanding of the meaning of this phrase in the context of Jesus’ teaching.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition, candidates should study how these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- Matthew 20:1–16; 25:1–30
- Mark 4:1–20

Content (based on the texts):
- The kingdom of God.
- Reasons behind Jesus’ teaching in parables and what the parables reveal about the person and work of Jesus.
- The meaning of the parables.
- The meaning of the phrase kingdom of God in the context of Jesus’ teaching.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.
- How these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- The extent to which parables are a good form of teaching.
- The extent to which parables are about behaviour rather than belief.
- Whether the only parables that can be understood are those that Jesus explained.
- The extent to which Jesus’ teachings show a kingdom of God that is in the present or in the future.
Topic 7 The teachings and sayings of Jesus

This topic explores Jesus’ teachings in the Sermon on the Mount as ethical guidelines on the principles and duties of Christian life as well as practical advice such as his teaching on prayer. Candidates should explore the insights that the texts might reveal about the person and work of Jesus.

Candidates should consider the relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today. In addition, candidates should study how these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Texts to study:
- Matthew 5–7

Content (based on the texts):
- How these texts might demonstrate aspects of the person and work of Jesus.
- The relevance of these texts for Christian belief and practice today.
- How these texts might demonstrate aspects of God’s overall plan for humanity.

Areas for evaluation:
Areas for evaluation may be drawn from any aspect of the content, including:
- Whether the Sermon on the Mount teaches that the Old Testament laws were wrong.
- Whether ethical behaviour is only about observing the Law.
- The extent to which religious duties, such as almsgiving, prayer and fasting, need to be performed with sincerity.
- The extent to which the teachings in these texts are relevant to modern-day Christians.
4 Details of the assessment

Bible passages

The Bible passages printed in Section A of the question papers are taken from the New Revised Standard Version, Anglicised (NRSVA) (using the version from www.biblegateway.com). They are taken from the texts specified in the subject content of this syllabus.

Copies of the Bible are not allowed in the examination.

Paper 1 The Portrayal of God in the Bible

Written paper, 1 hour 30 minutes, 60 marks

This paper assesses the prescribed syllabus content for Paper 1.

Candidates answer three questions in total:
Section A: answer one question (out of a choice of two).
Section B: answer two questions (out of a choice of three).

Section A (20 marks)
Candidates answer either Question 1 or Question 2. Candidates answer all the parts of the chosen question.

Questions 1 and 2 are divided into three part-questions totalling 20 marks:

- **Part (a)** 6 mark textual question made up of sub-parts, based on a stimulus text from the specified texts listed in the subject content for Paper 1. These questions test candidates’ knowledge and understanding of the passage from which the text printed on the question paper comes. Candidates are required to scrutinise certain verses, to demonstrate their understanding of the Bible in a more detailed way, introducing candidates to the skill of analysing the context, meaning and significance of a particular passage. The text printed on the question paper is usually between one and three verses in length. There may be instances where the passages use more than three verses, to provide more context to the biblical passage in order to help candidates structure their answer. Candidates should be mindful of the number of marks available for each sub-part of the question when responding as one mark is awarded for each relevant point made. Using the stimulus text, candidates might be asked to recall questions on the passage as a whole, questions that arise from the extract itself or questions that arise from the theme of the extract. Sub-parts test either knowledge or understanding.

- **Part (b)** 6 marks assessing knowledge and understanding on a theme arising from the printed stimulus text. Although in this part-question candidates can refer to the text printed on the question paper, they are encouraged to go wider. Answers should be in continuous prose and should follow a well-structured format. While there is no preferred structure, part (b) questions will tend to be required to be answered mainly in the candidate’s own words and candidates will make a series of points in answer to the question. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

- **Part (c)** 8 marks assessing AO2 Evaluation linked to the theme explored in parts (a) and (b). Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO2 Evaluation.
Section B (40 marks)
Candidates answer two questions, from a choice between Question 3, Question 4 or Question 5. Questions 3, 4 and 5 are each divided into three part-questions totalling 20 marks:

- **Part (a)** 6 marks assessing knowledge based on the prescribed content for Paper 1. Candidates are required to show knowledge of a text or a theme from the prescribed content, answering in continuous prose. While the structure will vary, depending on whether a text or a theme is being tested, candidates should produce an answer in a coherent and well-structured format. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

- **Part (b)** 6 marks assessing knowledge and understanding based on the prescribed content for Paper 1 on a theme arising from part (a). Answers should be in continuous prose and should have a well-structured format. While there is no preferred structure, part (b) questions tend to be required to be answered mainly in the candidate’s own words and candidates will make a series of points in answer to the question. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

- **Part (c)** 8 marks assessing AO2 Evaluation linked to a theme arising from either or both of parts (a) and (b). Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO2 Evaluation.

Part (c) Evaluation questions in Sections A and B
In the part (c) Evaluation questions candidates are required to evaluate different points of view, providing supporting evidence for the points of view. The essay questions take a range of formats depending on the use of command word, but they all present an item for discussion where different points of view can be held and considered by candidates. More than one point of view can often be two opposing points of view (e.g. ‘agree’ and ‘disagree’) but they will always be contrasting and different to each other.

Candidates are required to present their response using well-structured continuous prose and are required to provide a conclusion with a clear and well-reasoned judgement that evaluates the points that precede it.

Candidates’ answers should be structured in paragraphs. Each paragraph should state and then consider a possible point of view or argument in answer to the question. Candidates should support a point of view with evidence. Answers should not be descriptive. The focus should be on the specific question, rather than on broad themes linked to the question.

The final paragraph should be a conclusion providing a firm and clear judgement so that the examiner can clearly see the position the candidate has taken on the issue. The judgement should be well reasoned, rather than simply stated, and should build on the evidence that precedes it.

Part (c) Evaluation questions are based on the texts to study, the content and/or the areas for evaluation listed for each topic. Candidates are encouraged to draw on material from across the syllabus to present a range of arguments and reach their own evaluation and judgement.

The levels of response marking grids for AO1 Knowledge and understanding and AO2 Evaluation are published in the specimen mark schemes which accompany the syllabus. These are available on the syllabus page at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035) and our School Support Hub.
Paper 2 The Portrayal of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels

Written paper, 1 hour 30 minutes, 60 marks

This paper assesses the prescribed syllabus content for Paper 2.

Candidates answer three questions in total:
Section A: answer one question (out of a choice of two).
Section B: answer two questions (out of a choice of three).

Section A (20 marks)
Candidates answer either Question 1 or Question 2. Candidates answer all the parts of the chosen question.

Questions 1 and 2 are divided into three part-questions totalling 20 marks:

• **Part (a)** 6 mark textual question made up of sub-parts, based on a stimulus text from the specified texts listed in the subject content for Paper 2. These questions test candidates’ knowledge and understanding of the passage from which the text printed on the question paper comes. Candidates are required to scrutinise certain verses, to demonstrate their understanding of the Bible in a more detailed way, introducing candidates to the skill of analysing the context, meaning and significance of a particular passage.

The text printed on the question paper is usually between one and three verses in length. There may be instances where the passages use more than three verses, to provide more context to the biblical passage in order to help candidates structure their answer.

Candidates should be mindful of the number of marks available for each sub-part of the question when responding as one mark is awarded for each relevant point made.

Using the stimulus text, candidates might be asked to recall questions on the passage as a whole, questions that arise from the extract itself or questions that arise from the theme of the extract. Sub-parts test either knowledge or understanding.

• **Part (b)** 6 marks assessing knowledge and understanding on a theme arising from the printed stimulus text. Although in this part-question candidates can refer to the text printed on the question paper, they are encouraged to go wider. Answers should be in continuous prose and should follow a well-structured format. While there is no preferred structure, part (b) questions will tend to be required to be answered mainly in the candidate’s own words and candidates will make a series of points in answer to the question. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

• **Part (c)** 8 marks assessing AO2 Evaluation linked to the theme explored in parts (a) and (b). Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO2 Evaluation.
Section B (40 marks)

Candidates answer two questions, from a choice between Question 3, Question 4 or Question 5. Questions 3, 4 and 5 are each divided into three part-questions totalling 20 marks:

- **Part (a)** 6 marks assessing knowledge based on the prescribed content for Paper 2. Candidates are required to show knowledge of a text or a theme from the prescribed content, answering in continuous prose. While the structure will vary, depending on whether a text or a theme is being tested, candidates should produce an answer in a coherent and well-structured format. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

- **Part (b)** 6 marks assessing knowledge and understanding based on the prescribed content for Paper 2 on a theme arising from part (a). Answers should be in continuous prose and should have a well-structured format. While there is no preferred structure, part (b) questions tend to be required to be answered mainly in the candidate’s own words and candidates will make a series of points in answer to the question. Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO1 Knowledge and understanding.

- **Part (c)** 8 marks assessing AO2 Evaluation linked to a theme arising from either or both of parts (a) and (b). Assessed against the levels of response marking grid for AO2 Evaluation.

Part (c) Evaluation questions in Sections A and B

In the part (c) Evaluation questions candidates are required to evaluate different points of view, providing supporting evidence for the points of view. The essay questions take a range of formats depending on the use of command word, but they all present an item for discussion where different points of view can be held and considered by candidates. More than one point of view can often be two opposing points of view (e.g. ‘agree’ and ‘disagree’) but they will always be contrasting and different to each other.

Candidates are required to present their response using well-structured continuous prose and are required to provide a conclusion with a clear and well-reasoned judgement that evaluates the points that precede it.

Candidates’ answers should be structured in paragraphs. Each paragraph should state and then consider a possible point of view or argument in answer to the question. Candidates should support a point of view with evidence. Answers should not be descriptive. The focus should be on the specific question, rather than on broad themes linked to the question.

The final paragraph should be a conclusion providing a firm and clear judgement so that the examiner can clearly see the position the candidate has taken on the issue. The judgement should be well reasoned, rather than simply stated, and should build on the evidence that precedes it.

Part (c) Evaluation questions are based on the texts to study, the content and/or the areas for evaluation listed for each topic. Candidates are encouraged to draw on material from across the syllabus to present a range of arguments and reach their own evaluation and judgement.

The levels of response marking grids for AO1 Knowledge and understanding and AO2 Evaluation are published in the specimen mark schemes which accompany the syllabus. These are available on the syllabus page at [www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035](http://www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035) and our School Support Hub.
Command words

Command words and their meanings help candidates know what is expected from them in the exam. The table below includes command words used in the assessment for this syllabus. The use of the command word will relate to the subject context.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command word</th>
<th>What it means</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assess</td>
<td>make an informed judgement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compare</td>
<td>identify/comment on similarities and/or differences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contrast</td>
<td>identify/comment on differences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Describe</td>
<td>state the points of a topic / give characteristics and main features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discuss</td>
<td>write about issue(s) or topic(s) in depth in a structured way</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explain</td>
<td>set out purposes or reasons / make the relationships between things clear / say why and/or how and support with relevant evidence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Give</td>
<td>produce an answer from a given source or recall/memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identify</td>
<td>name/select/recognise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outline</td>
<td>set out the main points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>express in clear terms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suggest</td>
<td>apply knowledge and understanding to situations where there are a range of valid responses in order to make proposals / put forward considerations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Phrases such as ‘To what extent …?’ may also be seen in the assessment for this syllabus.

The following command words are used in part (a) or (b) questions assessing AO1 Knowledge and understanding:
- Contrast
- Describe
- Explain
- Give
- Identify
- Outline
- State
- Suggest.

The following command words and phrases are used in part (c) questions assessing AO2 Evaluation:
- Assess
- Compare
- Discuss
- To what extent.

Questions also take the form of a statement followed by Discuss.
5 What else you need to know

This section is an overview of other information you need to know about this syllabus. It will help to share the administrative information with your exams officer so they know when you will need their support. Find more information about our administrative processes at www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide

Before you start

Previous study

We do not expect learners starting this course to have previously studied Biblical Studies.

Guided learning hours

We design Cambridge O Level syllabuses based on learners having about 130 guided learning hours for each subject during the course but this is for guidance only. The number of hours a learner needs to achieve the qualification may vary according to local practice and their previous experience of the subject.

Availability and timetables

All Cambridge schools are allocated to one of six administrative zones. Each zone has a specific timetable. This syllabus is **not** available in all administrative zones. To find out about availability check the syllabus page at www.cambridgeinternational.org/2035

You can enter candidates in the June and November exam series. You can view the timetable for your administrative zone at www.cambridgeinternational.org/timetables

Check you are using the syllabus for the year the candidate is taking the exam.

Private candidates can enter for this syllabus. For more information, please refer to the Cambridge Guide to Making Entries.

Combining with other syllabuses

Candidates can take this syllabus alongside other Cambridge International syllabuses in a single exam series. The only exceptions are:

- Cambridge IGCSE Religious Studies (0490)
- syllabuses with the same title at the same level.

Cambridge O Level, Cambridge IGCSE™ and Cambridge IGCSE (9–1) syllabuses are at the same level.
Making entries

Exams officers are responsible for submitting entries to Cambridge International. We encourage them to work closely with you to make sure they enter the right number of candidates for the right combination of syllabus components. Entry option codes and instructions for submitting entries are in the Cambridge Guide to Making Entries. Your exams officer has a copy of this guide.

Exam administration

To keep our exams secure, we produce question papers for different areas of the world, known as administrative zones. We allocate all Cambridge schools to one administrative zone determined by their location. Each zone has a specific timetable. Some of our syllabuses offer candidates different assessment options. An entry option code is used to identify the components the candidate will take relevant to the administrative zone and the available assessment options.

Support for exams officers

We know how important exams officers are to the successful running of exams. We provide them with the support they need to make your entries on time. Your exams officer will find this support, and guidance for all other phases of the Cambridge Exams Cycle, at www.cambridgeinternational.org/eoguide

Retakes

Candidates can retake the whole qualification as many times as they want to. Information on retake entries is at www.cambridgeinternational.org/entries

Language

This syllabus and the related assessment materials are available in English only.

Accessibility and equality

Syllabus and assessment design

Cambridge International works to avoid direct or indirect discrimination in our syllabuses and assessment materials. We aim to maximise inclusivity for candidates of all national, cultural or social backgrounds and with other protected characteristics. In addition, the language and layout used are designed to make our materials as accessible as possible. This gives all learners the opportunity, as fairly as possible, to demonstrate their knowledge, skills and understanding and helps to minimise the requirement to make reasonable adjustments during the assessment process.

Access arrangements

Access arrangements (including modified papers) are the principal way in which Cambridge International complies with our duty, as guided by the UK Equality Act (2010), to make 'reasonable adjustments' for candidates with special educational needs (SEN), disability, illness or injury. Where a candidate would otherwise be at a substantial disadvantage in comparison to a candidate with no SEN, disability, illness or injury, we may be able to agree pre-examination access arrangements. These arrangements help a candidate by minimising accessibility barriers and maximising their opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge, skills and understanding in an assessment.
Important:

- Requested access arrangements should be based on evidence of the candidate’s barrier to assessment and should also reflect their normal way of working at school; this is in line with The Cambridge Handbook on access arrangements.
- For Cambridge International to approve an access arrangement, we will need to agree that it constitutes a reasonable adjustment, involves reasonable cost and timeframe and does not affect the security and integrity of the assessment.
- Availability of access arrangements should be checked by centres at the start of the course. Details of our standard access arrangements and modified question papers are available in The Cambridge Handbook.
- Please contact us at the start of the course to find out if we are able to approve an arrangement that is not included in the list of standard access arrangements.
- Candidates who cannot access parts of the assessment may be able to receive an award based on the parts they have completed.

After the exam

Grading and reporting

Grades A*, A, B, C, D or E indicate the standard a candidate achieved at Cambridge O Level.

A* is the highest and E is the lowest. ‘Ungraded’ means that the candidate’s performance did not meet the standard required for grade E. ‘Ungraded’ is reported on the statement of results but not on the certificate.

In specific circumstances your candidates may see one of the following letters on their statement of results:

- Q (PENDING)
- X (NO RESULT).

These letters do not appear on the certificate.

On the statement of results and certificates, Cambridge O Level is shown as GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION (GCE O LEVEL).

How students and teachers can use the grades

Assessment at Cambridge O Level has two purposes:

- to measure learning and achievement
  The assessment:
  - confirms achievement and performance in relation to the knowledge, understanding and skills specified in the syllabus, to the levels described in the grade descriptions.
- to show likely future success
  The outcomes:
  - help predict which students are well prepared for a particular course or career and/or which students are more likely to be successful
  - help students choose the most suitable course or career.
Grade descriptions

Grade descriptions are provided to give an indication of the standards of achievement candidates awarded particular grades are likely to show. Weakness in one aspect of the examination may be balanced by a better performance in some other aspect.

Grade descriptions for Cambridge O Level Biblical Studies will be published after the first assessment of the syllabus in 2024. Find more information at www.cambridgeinternational.org/olevel
Changes to this syllabus for 2024, 2025 and 2026

The syllabus has been reviewed and revised for first examination in 2024.

You must read the whole syllabus before planning your teaching programme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes to syllabus name and code</th>
<th>The syllabus has been renamed Cambridge O Level Biblical Studies. It replaces Cambridge O Level Religious Studies (Bible Knowledge).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is a new syllabus code: <strong>2035</strong>. This replaces 2048.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Changes to subject content        | The subject content has been rewritten and presented in two new revised papers: Paper 1 The Portrayal of God in the Bible  |
|                                   | Paper 2 The Portrayal of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels.                                                                          |
|                                   | Some content areas have been retained but they have been restructured to create the new papers. Content from the Old Testament  |
|                                   | in Paper 1 is new.                                                                                                               |
|                                   | The content in Paper 1 and in Paper 2 has been restructured into a thematic approach divided into seven new topics in each paper. |
|                                   | The learning outcomes have been rewritten, providing more detail of the requirements.                                             |
|                                   | An introductory explanation to each of the papers and topics has been added.                                                      |
|                                   | The biblical texts for study have been updated.                                                                                 |
|                                   | The list of the specified biblical texts to study will no longer alternate every three years.                                    |
|                                   | Quotations in the question papers will be from the NRSVA (New Revised Standard Version, Anglicised) version of the Bible.          |
|                                   | Questions set in the examinations can be answered from any version of the Bible.                                                 |
|                                   | Some areas for evaluation arising from the texts have been added for guidance.                                                    |
|                                   | A glossary of command words has been added.                                                                                      |
|                                   | The syllabus aims have been updated and key benefits to learners have been listed.                                               |

| Changes to assessment             | Papers 1 and 2 will continue to be externally assessed and they will be worth 50% each of the O Level.                           |
| (including changes to specimen    | There are two revised assessment objectives (AOs) with new descriptions: AO1 Knowledge and understanding and AO2 Evaluation.       |
| papers)                           | The weightings of the assessment objectives in the qualification and across the components remain unchanged.                   |
|                                   | The way the assessment is structured has changed. Papers 1 and 2 are now both worth 60 marks each and they each have two sections. |
|                                   | Candidates answer **three** questions (until assessment in 2023 candidates answered four questions):                           |
|                                   | Section A: Answer **one** question out of a choice of two (20 marks)                                                            |
|                                   | Section B: Answer **two** questions out of a choice of three (40 marks).                                                        |

continued
Changes to assessment (including changes to specimen papers) (continued)

- Textual questions in part (a) and (b) questions in Section A of Papers 1 and 2 have been introduced. The textual questions will be based on printed stimulus material on one of the specified texts.
- The duration of each paper remains unchanged at 1 hour 30 minutes.
- The syllabus has a new Details of the assessment section to provide information on the assessment requirements.
- Updated specimen papers have been published to accompany the new syllabus. These exemplify the changes to the assessment and the subject content.
- The marking criteria have been updated with new levels of response marking grids. These are available in the specimen mark schemes that accompany the syllabus.
- The specimen mark schemes also include indicative content exemplifying the types of answers that candidates could give to the questions.

Other changes

- The last examination for Cambridge O Level Religious Studies (Bible Knowledge) (2048) will be November 2023.

In addition to reading the syllabus, you should refer to the updated specimen assessment materials. The specimen papers will help your students become familiar with exam requirements and command words in questions. The specimen mark schemes explain how students should answer questions to meet the assessment objectives.

Any textbooks endorsed to support the syllabus for examination from 2024 are suitable for use with this syllabus.