

## Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/03

Paper 3 (Core) For examination from 2020

SPECIMEN PAPER 1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a graphic display calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For  $\pi$ , use your calculator value.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 96.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

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#### Formula List

Area, A, of triangle, base b, height h.

 $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ 

Area, A, of circle, radius r.

 $A = \pi r^2$ 

Circumference, C, of circle, radius r.

 $C = 2\pi r$ 

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

 $A = 2\pi rh$ 

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

 $A=\pi rl$ 

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

 $A=4\pi r^2$ 

Volume, V, of prism, cross-sectional area A, length l.

V = Al

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

 $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$ 

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

 $V = \pi r^2 h$ 

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

 $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

### Answer all the questions.

1 (a)	Write 32 652	
	(i) correct to the nearest 10,	
	(ii) correct to the nearest 100.	[1]
		[1]
(b)	Write 62.584 correct to 1 decimal place.	543
		[1]
(c)	Calculate 4.8 <sup>4</sup> .	[1]
(d)	Find $\sqrt[3]{216}$ .	
		[1]
(e)	Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 18 and 45.	
		[1]
<b>(f)</b>	Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 6 and 8.	
		[1]
(g)	Divide 442 in the ratio 8 : 9.	
		[2]
(h)	Sem buys 7 hamburgers each costing \$1.20.	
	Find how much change he receives from \$10.	

\$ .....[2]

(a)	Write 0.75 as a fraction.	
		[1]
(b)	Write $\frac{2}{3}$ as a percentage, giving your answer correct to 4 sign	ificant figures.
		% [2]
(c)	Write 48% as a fraction in its lowest terms.	
		[2]
(d)	The price of a jacket is \$96. The price is reduced by 20%.	
	Find the new price of the jacket.	
		\$[2]
(e)	\$800 is invested at a rate of 3% per year compound interest.	
	Find the value of the investment after 5 years.	
		\$[3]

A special die has 10 faces numbered 1 to 10. When the die is rolled it is equally likely to land on any face.	
Find the probability that the die lands on	
(a) an even number,	
	[1]
<b>(b)</b> a prime number,	
	[1]
(c) 11,	
(d) a square number less than 5.	[1]
	[1]

4 Jacinta asks some students in her class which colour they prefer. The results are in the table.

Colour	Number of students
Brown	1
Green	4
Black	8
Pink	12
Blue	15

(a)	Calculate the total number of students.	
		[1]
(b)	Write down the most popular colour.	
		[1]

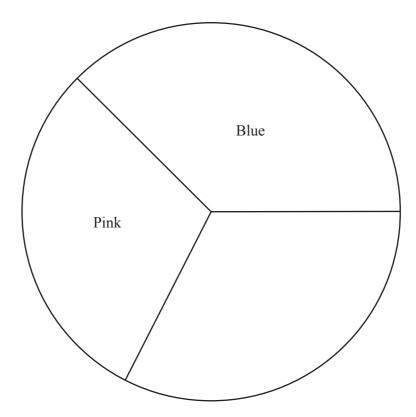
(c) Jacinta wants to draw a pie chart for these results.

Colour	Number of students	Sector angle in pie chart
Brown	1	
Green	4	
Black	8	
Pink	12	108°
Blue	15	135°

(i) Complete the table.

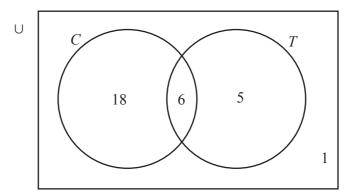
[2]

(ii) Complete the pie chart to show this information. Two sectors have been drawn for you.



[2]

HanRa asked 30 students if they are cereal (C) or toast (T) for breakfast. 5 The information is shown in the Venn diagram.



Write down the number of students in

(0)	$C \cap T$	
(a)	$C \cap I$	,

 . [1]
Г <b>1</b> Т

**(b)** *C*,

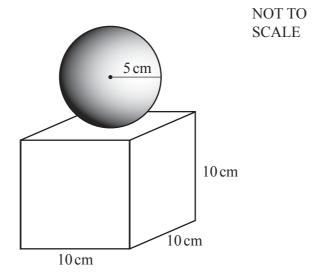
	[1]	
--	-----	--

(c)  $(C \cup T)'$ ,

	•						•		•	 	 	 	 	 	 			•		•		•				1	]	

(d)  $T \cup C'$ .





A trophy is in the shape of a cube of side 10 cm with a sphere of radius 5 cm on top.

(a) Find the surface area of the cube.

cm	$^{2}[2]$
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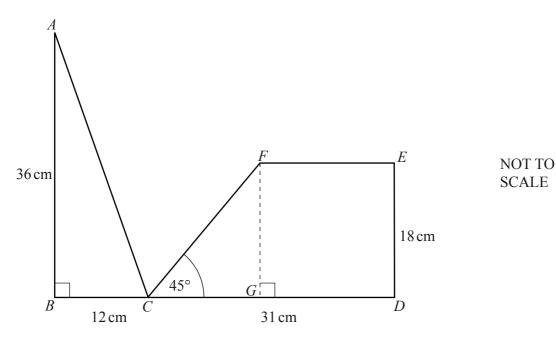
**(b)** Find the surface area of the sphere.

(c) Find the total **volume** of the trophy.

The trophy is made from metal that costs 4 cents per cm<sup>3</sup>.

(d) Find the cost of the metal used to make the trophy. Give your answer in dollars.

\$ ......[2]



The diagram shows the design for a company logo. The logo is made up of a triangle ABC and a trapezium CDEF. BCGD is a straight line and angle  $FCD = 45^{\circ}$ .

$$AB = 36 \text{ cm}, BC = 12 \text{ cm}, CD = 31 \text{ cm} \text{ and } ED = 18 \text{ cm}.$$

(a) Find the size of angle CFE.

**(b)** Use trigonometry to calculate the size of angle *BCA*.

(c) Use Pythagoras' Theorem to find the length of AC.

$$AC = \dots$$
 cm [2]

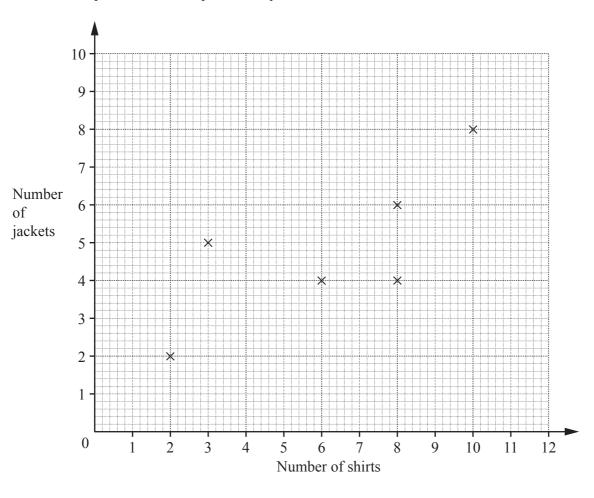
<i>CF</i> = cm [3]
[2]
cm [1]
cm <sup>2</sup> [3]

8 The table shows the number of shirts and the number of jackets owned by 12 students.

Shirts	3	6	2	8	8	10	6	5	9	8	4	12
Jackets	5	4	2	4	6	8	5	4	6	5	4	7

(a) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first 6 points have been plotted for you.

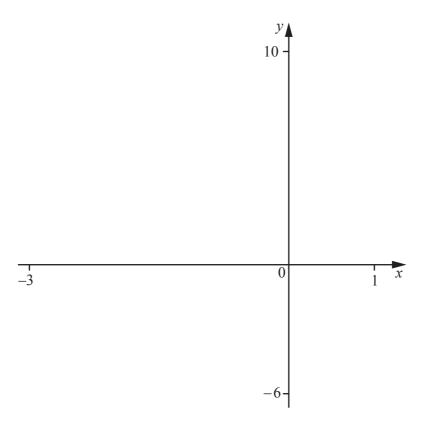


**(b)** Write down the type of correlation shown by the scatter diagram.

[1]

[2]

(c)	(i)	Find the mean number of shirts.	
	(ii)	Find the mean number of jackets.	[1]
			[1]
	(iii)	On the diagram, plot the mean point.	[1]
(d)	On	the diagram, draw a line of best fit by eye.	[2]
(e)	Use	your line of best fit to estimate the number of jackets for a student who has 7 shirts.	
			[1]



$$f(x) = 6 - 5x - 3x^2$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) for  $-3 \le x \le 1$ .
- **(b)** Write down the y-coordinate of the point where the graph crosses the y-axis.

(c) Write down the x-coordinates of the points where the graph crosses the x-axis.

(d) Find the coordinates of the local maximum point.

(e) g(x) = 2x + 4

On the same diagram, sketch the graph of 
$$y = g(x)$$
. [2]

(f) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of f(x) and g(x).

		10	
10	(a) Solve.		
	(i) $5x + 6 = -4$		
			[2
	(ii) $6x + 3 < 21$		
			[0]
			[2
	<b>(b)</b> Simplify.		
	(i) $s^3 \times s^4$		
			[1
	(ii) $(t^2)^4$		
			[1
	<b>(iii)</b> $18r^3 \div 3r$		[1
	(III) 18r ÷ 3r		
			[2
	(c) Expand and simpli	fy.	
		4(x-3) + 3(2x+1)	
			[2
	(d) Factorise complete		
		$15y - 3y^2$	

km/h [3]
km/h [3]
km/h [3]
km/h [3]
km/h [3]
min [3]
-

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